

6D5N - Exotic Sri Lanka

Day 1 Kuala Lumpur – Colombo (MOB) (Recommended flight is Malindo Air)

Upon arrival in Sri Lanka you will meet our representative and proceed to Negombo/Colombo for overnight.

Day 2 Negombo / Colombo – Sigiriya (B/L/D) (Distance 178 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Sigiriya. Lunch at restaurant and tour Dambulla Cave Temple and its beautiful sights. Dinner & Overnight stay.

Day 3 Sigiriya – Kandy (B/L/D) (Distance 90 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Kandy. Visit the famous Spice Garden in Matale, Upper Lake Drive, Market Square, Arts & Crafts Centre, and Gem Museum & Temple of Tooth Relic. Kandy the hill capital, venue of the annual Perahera. Buddhism's influence in Sri Lanka today where the temple shrines and monasteries keeping alive Buddhist traditions. Lunch at Restaurant and proceed to Temple of the Sacred Tooth Relic. At night you watch a Sri Lankan culture show. Dinner & Overnight stay at Kandy.

Day 4 Kandy – Nuwara Eliya (B/L/D) (Distance 80 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Nuwara Eliya to a guided tour of the Tea plantation to observe first-hand the process. Currently, Sri Lanka is one of largest exporter of Ceylon tea worldwide. Lunch at Restaurant. Dinner & Overnight stay.

Day 5 Nuwara Eliya – Galle (B/L/D) (Distance 276 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Galle world heritage site Marine Turtle Conservation in Kosgoda. Lunch at Restaurant. Galle Fort, a UNESCO World Heritage Site, covers nearly four sq kms, Main Gate which is still used today. Buildings of interest include the Dutch Reformed Church, All Saints Church, Amangalla Hotel (formerly the New Oriental Hotel), and the lighthouse and bell tower. Dinner & Overnight stay at Galle.

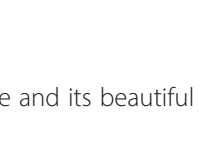
Day 6 Galle – Colombo (B/L/D) (Distance 130 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Colombo. Colombo a drive through Cinnamon Gardens, Visit Fort, the former British military garrison, Sea Street – the Goldsmiths quarters in the heart of Pettah, the Bazaar area, Hindu Temple, The Dutch Church of Wolfendhal. Visit the BMICH, see the replica of Avukana Buddha & the Independence Square. Lunch at Restaurant. Shopping at bazaars to stylish boutique outlets, Odel is Sri Lanka's most famous shop in the centre of town. Home wear stores like Paradise Road, Suriya and Gandhara. Saffron Villas is popular for antique furniture. Spend a hectic morning wandering the narrow streets of Pettah Bazaar. Dinner and transfer to Airport for flight back home.

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Ground Tour cost valid till 30 September 2017

Catogery	Single	2pax	4pax	6pax	8pax	Child WB	Child WOB
4 Star	RM 3584	RM 2761	RM 2350	RM 2152	RM 2020	RM 1238	RM 858



7D6N Highlights of Sri Lanka & Yala National Park

Day 1 Kuala Lumpur – Colombo (MOB) (Recommended flight is Malindo Air)

Upon arrival in Sri Lanka you will meet our representative and proceed to Negombo for overnight.

Day 2 Negombo – Sigiriya (B/L/D) (Distance 178 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Sigiriya (optional USD30). Lunch at restaurant and tour Dambulla Cave Temple and its beautiful sights. Dinner and overnight stay at Sigiriya.

Day 3 Sigiriya – Kandy (B/L/D) (Distance 90 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Kandy. Visit the famous Spice Garden in Matale, Upper Lake Drive, Market Square, Arts & Crafts Centre, and Gem Museum & Temple of Tooth Relic. Kandy the hill capital, venue of the annual Perahera. Buddhism's influence in Sri Lanka today where the temple shrines and monasteries keeping alive Buddhist traditions. Lunch at Restaurant and proceed to Temple of the Sacred Tooth Relic. At night you watch a Sri Lankan culture show. Dinner and overnight stay at Kandy.

Day 4 Kandy – Nuwara Eliya (B/L/D) (Distance 80 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Nuwara Eliya to a guided tour of the Tea plantation to observe first-hand the process. Currently, Sri Lanka is one of largest exporter of Ceylon tea worldwide. Lunch at Restaurant. Dinner and overnight stay at Nuwara Eliya.

Day 5 Nuwara Eliya – Kataragama (B/L/D) (Distance 143 kms)

After Breakfast leave for Kataragama. Kataragama is a pilgrimage town sacred to Buddhist, Hindu and indigenous Vedda people of Sri Lanka. People from South India also go there to worship.

Yala Safari (optional USD 30 + Jeep USD 45). In the evening undertake a Jeep safari of the Yala (Ruhunu) National Park which has the highest concentration of Leopards in Sri Lanka. Dinner and overnight stay at Tishamaharama hotel.

Day 6 Yala – Pass Thru Galle (B/L/D) (Distance 226 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Galle. Galle, the city is a living time capsule. Home to the largest occupied Fort in Asia, its quaint beauty extends beyond its golden beaches and cerulean waters. One can bask in the picturesque views and the rich history while walking through the narrow, cobbled streets within the Fort.

Overnight at Bentota.

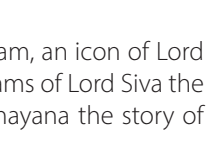
Day 7 Bentota – Colombo (Distance 85 kms) (B/L/D)

After breakfast proceed to Colombo. Colombo a drive through Cinnamon Gardens, Visit Fort, the former British military garrison, Sea Street – the Goldsmiths quarters in the heart of Pettah, the Bazaar area, Hindu Temple, The Dutch Church of Wolfendhal. Visit the BMICH, see the replica of Avukana Buddha & the Independence Square. Lunch at Restaurant. Shopping at bazaars to stylish boutique outlets, Odel is Sri Lanka's most famous shop in the centre of town. Home wear stores like Paradise Road, Suriya and Gandhara. Saffron Villas is popular for antique furniture. Spend a hectic morning wandering the narrow streets of Pettah Bazaar. Dinner and transfer to Airport for flight back home.

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Ground Tour cost (from) valid till 30 September 2017

Catogery	Single	2pax	4pax	6pax	8pax	Child WB	Child WOB
4 Star	RM 5370	RM 2637	RM 2339	RM 2294	RM 2200	RM 1444	RM 1085



9D8N - Highlights of Sri Lanka & Jaffna Package

Day 1 Kuala Lumpur – Colombo (MOB) (Recommended flight is Malindo Air)

Upon arrival in Sri Lanka you will meet our representative and proceed to Negombo/Colombo for overnight.

Day 2 & 3 Negombo – Jaffna (B/L/D) (Distance 6.50 hrs 372 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Jaffna to visit Mannawari Temple Rama is believed to have installed a shiva lingam, a Hindu deity, at Manawari Kovil in Chillaw. Later to Munneswaram Kovil is one of the three celebrated ancient Isvarams of Lord Siva the other two being Thirukethiswaram near Mannar and Konneswaram in Trincomalee taking us back to Ramayana the story of Rama and Sita.

Jaffna District, the northernmost region of the Island of Sri Lanka, is one of the oldest habitation sites in Lower South Asia, populated by Tamil speaking people. Jaffna is situated within ten degrees of latitude to the north of the equator. It is in close proximity to the sub-continent of India and separated from it by the Palk Strait and the Bay of Bengal. The peninsula is actually almost an island; only the narrow causeway known as Elephant Pass – for once elephants did wade across the shallow lagoon here connects Jaffna with the rest of Sri Lanka.

Nagapoosani Temple (Nainatheevu), Jaffna: The Nagapoosani Temple (Nainatheevu) is a must visit while Sightseeing in Jaffna. Nearly festivals take place here and Hindu worshippers from nearby areas flock to this place to pray. This ancient temple is resided by a 5 headed cobra. This shrine was constructed by the Nagas. The Nagapoosani Temple (Nainatheevu) in Jaffna was built to worship the Serpent God.

Nallur Temple, In 948 A.D. Bhuvanekabhahu, the chief minister to Chola Kulangai Arya, built the Nallur Temple in Kurukkal Valavu in the town of Nallur for the first time to worship Lord Kumaran. However, in 1450, the General of Parakramabahu, Senbaha Perumal conquered Jaffna and demolished the temple. To make amends for his action he rebuilt the temple in 1457 in Muthirai Chanthai. When Jaffna was invaded by the Portuguese the temple underwent demolition. Later it was built for the third time in Muthirai Chanthai. When Jaffna was under the rule of the Dutch, the Nallur Temple, and Jaffna was built in the original site that is in Kurukkal Valavu by Krishna Subbiah and Ragnutha Mapana Muthaliyar.

Karainagar Sivan Kovil, also known as Eelaththu Chithamparam, is situated in Thinnaipuram, on the North of Karainagar. According to the legend, when Siva devotee Ambalavi Murugar was building the Siva temple, lord Siva came in the dream of his devotee Murugar and lord him to choose the Sivalingam, which was enshrined in the sanctorum of the temple. The Sivalingam is called Lord Sunthareswar. Annually three festivals are celebrated grandly in the temple. The Thiruvembavai festival for 10 days in December and Thiruvathirai festival are two of the very popular festivals.

Keerimalai Naguleswaram Temple which is also known as Keerimalai Naguleswaram Kovil is dedicated to main deity in Shaivism namely Lord Siva. This temple is one of the five ancient Sivan temples in Sri Lanka situated close to the well-known mineral water spring called Keerimalai springs which believed to have healing power. This temple has a bitter history of Portuguese occupation in Sri Lanka.

Jaffna Fort Situated on the south side of the Jaffna peninsula at the water's edge of the lagoon, the ancient fort in Jaffna is the second largest existing fort in the Island. Originally built by the Portuguese in 1619 and re-built and expanded by the Dutch during the second half of the 17th and the 18th centuries to facilitate trading activities of Sri Lanka's northern region indicate not only of Jaffna's strategic importance to Europeans but its significance throughout Sri Lanka's history. The five sided inner defence works consist of thick and high ramparts and bastions with a wide and deep moat around it. Lunch, Dinner & Overnight stay at Jaffna.

Day 4 Jaffna – Trincomalee (B/L/D) (Distance 3.50hrs 235 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Trincomalee. The Koneswaram Kovil is found on Swami Rock, just above Fort Frederick. Forgive my lack of knowledge of Hinduism, but apparently this rebuilt temple is dedicated to Siva. The unbelievably intricate designs of Hindu temples, with their ornately carved figurines, are an incredible sight and this one is no exception. It's very colourful and you can walk around the grounds. The temple is built on top of the cliff, tottering right on the edge of the Indian Ocean, and there are fantastic views of the narrow strip of land that is Trinco town. Lunch at Restaurant. Among the sights of the place are the seven hot springs of Kanniya, on the road to Trincomalee. About a mile on a side road branching from the main route, the springs are worth a visit. A high wall assembles all the seven springs in a rectangular enclosure. Each enclosed in a dwarf wall forms a well of its own. The water is mildly hot; the temperature varies but slightly in each. Dinner & Overnight stay at Trincomalee.

Day 5 TRINCOMALEE – KANDY (B/L/D) (Distance 4.25hrs 223 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Kandy. Spice Garden in Matale to see the different spices, which Sri Lanka is famous for. You will be introduced to different spices and shown how some of these spices are grown and processed. Kandy, including Upper Lake Drive, Market Square, Arts & Crafts Centre, Gem Museum & Temple of Tooth Relic. Kandy the hill capital, venue of the annual Perahera. The last stronghold of the Sinhala Kings was finally ceded to the British in 1815. Kandy is an example of the Buddhism's influence in Sri Lanka today. Temple's shrines and monasteries keeping alive Buddhist traditions are everywhere. Lunch at Restaurant. Temple of the Sacred Tooth Relic – ever since 4th Century A.D, when the Buddha's Tooth was brought to Sri Lanka hidden from sacrilegious hands in an Orissan princess' hair, the relic has grown in repute and holiness in Sri Lanka and throughout the Buddhist world. It is considered Sri Lanka's most prized possession. By the night experience a colourful show where you will be taken to mind blowing Sri Lankan culture extravaganza... Get ready for Heavy drumbeat and acrobatic act. Dinner & Overnight stay at Kandy.

Day 6 KANDY – NUWARA ELIYA (B/L/D) (Distance 2.30hrs 84 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Nuwara Eliya. Sri Baktha Hanuman temple at Ramboda. On these hills of Ramboda where Hanuman was searching for Sitadevi, Chinmaya mission of Sri Lanka built a temple with Hanuman as the presiding deity. On every full moon day special pooja's are conducted and witnessed by thousands of devotees. This temple is called Sri Baktha Hanuman temple. The image of Lord Hanuman here is 16 feet. Seetha Amman temple the stream that runs from the hill, catered to the needs of Sitadevi during her stay at Ashok Vatika. She is said to have bathed in this stream. About a century ago of three idols was discovered in the stream, one of which was that of Sita. It is believed that the idols have been worshipped at this spot for centuries. Now there is temple for Lord Rama, Sitadevi, Luxshmana, and Hanuman by the side of this stream. Lunch at Restaurant. Enjoy "Tea experience", which involves a visit a plantation to observe first-hand the process, starting from the plucking field where it all begins with the picking of "two leaves and a bud" to the factory where the processing begins. Originally introduced to the island around 1850 by the British, Ceylon Tea is world famous for its high quality and has remained a major contributor to the island's economy for generations. Currently, Sri Lanka is one of largest exporter of tea worldwide. The high altitudes produce the best flavours, so Sri Lanka's hill-country is the ideal environment to grow the most flavoursome tea. A guided tour around a Tea Factory is an enlightening experience.

Nuwara Eliya the 'Little England' of Sri Lanka, is set against beautiful backdrops of Mountains, Valleys, Waterfalls and Tea Plantations. It is supposed to be one of the coolest places in the Island, but it is really just like an English spring day, although the temperature does drop at night. All around Nuwara Eliya you will see evidence of the British influence, houses like country cottages or Queen Ann style mansions. The Victoria Park, in the middle of the town, is a lovely place for a stroll or a picnic and is also good for Birding as you get some rare birds in this Park. Dinner & Overnight stay at Nuwara Eliya.

Day 7 Nuwara Eliya – Kataragama (B/L/D) (Distance 3.50hrs 142 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Kataragama. Lunch at Restaurant. Kataragama a popular pilgrimage destination frequented by adherents of all religions in Sri Lanka. The main shrine devoted to Skanda popularly described in eulogies as God having six faces and twelve arms whose assistance is sought for worldly gain. The history of the shrine dates back to 2 century BC. The annual procession held in July or August is the main event of the shrine with fire walkers and Kawadi dancers. Offering to the got are made at 4.30am 10.30am and 6.30pm daily. Dinner & Overnight stay at Kataragama.

Day 8 Kataragama – Galle (B/L/D) (Distance 3.45hrs 167 kms)

After breakfast proceed to Galle world heritage site. (Optional – US\$ 40/- per person including JEEP Safari) At dusk, visit the Yala National Park with a total protected area of 126,768 hectares, Yala consists of scrub plains, lagoons and rocky sections and offers the world's densest leopard populations. Countless other animals including sloth bear, deer, wild boar, crocodiles, monkeys and numerous species of birds can also be seen. One of the most iconic scenes you're bound to see in Sri Lanka is still fishing. An old tradition around Sri Lanka, still fishing had disappeared after the devastating tsunami that hit the country and other parts of the Indian Ocean, but soon the people returned to their customs, and now you can spot them sitting on their uncomfortable stilts, hoping to catch something. Lunch at Restaurant. Galle Fort, a UNESCO World Heritage Site, originally built by the Portuguese and then further developed by the Dutch and the British, covers nearly four sq kms, and is protected by 12 bastions and connecting ramparts. During the early 18th century the Old Dutch Gate was the entrance point to the Fort. Subsequently the British built the Main Gate which is still used today. Buildings of interest include the Dutch Reformed Church, All Saints Church, Amangalla Hotel (formerly the New Oriental Hotel), and the lighthouse and bell tower. Dinner & Overnight stay at Galle.

Day 9 Galle – Colombo – Airport (B/L/D) (Distance 2hrs 10m 130kms)

After breakfast proceed to Colombo. Visit to Panchamuga Anjaneyar Temple in Dehiwala the only Temple in the world to have a chariot for Anjaneyar. Hanuman's mother is Anjan. Hanuman is known as Anjan + Aiyar = Anjaneyar in South India (Hanuman in North India). Lunch at Restaurant. Colombo a drive through the city taking you to the busy commercial areas as well as the tree lined residential, Cinnamon Gardens, Visit Fort, the former British administrative centre and military garrison, Sea Street – the Goldsmiths quarters in the heart of Pettah, the Bazaar area, where is also a Hindu Temple with elaborate stone carvings, and the Dutch Church of Wolfendhal dating back to 1749. Also visit the BMICH, see the replica of Avukana Buddha & the Independence Square. Start shopping in Colombo, Visit ODEL, House of Fashion, Arcade Independence square, Race Course, and Beverly Street, visit bargain market in Colombo Pettah. Dinner at restaurant. Late evening transferred to the Airport for the flight back.

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Ground Tour cost (from) valid till 31 March 2017

Catogery	Single	2pax	4pax	6pax	8pax	Child WB	Child WOB
4 Star	RM 6843	RM 4879	RM 3543	RM 3350	RM 3350	RM 1563	RM 1157

Booking period: Now until 16 June 2017

M.S. STAR TRAVEL AGENCIES SDN BHD (055421-A) HKKP0359

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